

CLASS- 12 TH, ECONOMICS MCQ

Chapter- 6 RURAL DEVELOPMENT

DATE- 16.08.21

1) Which among the following is an initiative taken for the development of rural India?

(A) Human Capital Formation

(B) Land Reforms

(C) Poverty Alleviation

Ans : all of these.

2) What was the growth rate of agricultural output during 2007-12?

Ans : 32% per annum.

3) When was the National Bank for Agricultural and Rural Development set up?

Ans : 1982.

4) MSP are determined with the recommendation of the commission for ?

Ans : Agricultural Cost and Prices.

5) Golden revolution is related to ?

Ans: Horticulture.

6) During operation flood production of milk increase ?

Ans : Four fold.

7) Following are the institutional sources of agricultural credit except :-

Ans : Money lenders.

8) Which programme launched in 2005-2006 for building infrastructure and basic amenities in rural areas ?

Ans : Bharat Nirman.

9) After the initiation of reforms the growth rate of agricultural sector :-

Ans : Decelerated by 2-3%.

10) Development of rural marketing relates to

Ans : Transportation, Storage, Regulated market.

11) Tuber crops, medicinal and aromatic plants, spices and plantation crops are examples of :-

Ans : Horticulture crops.

12) Which of the following is an institutional source of rural credit?

Ans : Regional Rural Banks.

13) Which source of credit had emerged to fully integrate the formal credit system into the overall rural social and community development?

Ans : Self-help Groups.

14) Agriculture marketing does not comprise of **credit taken to meet expenditure on Agriculture.**

15) **Buffer stock** is build up in the years of surplus production and is used during shortage.

16) TANWA project initiated in **Tamil Nadu.**

17) To minimise the fluctuations in the prices government announce the following **Minimum support price.**

18) Operation flood started on **1970.**

19) NABARD stands for - **National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development.**

20) Rural population need short term loans **For paying old debt.**

21) Fish production from inland sources contributes about **49** percent to the total fish production and the balance **51** percent from main sector.

22) To ensure sustainable production in the future we need to promote **Organic Farming.**

23) Which among the following is a process that involves the assembling, storage, processing, transportation, packaging, grading, and distribution of different agricultural commodities across the country?

Ans : Agricultural Marketing.

24) The problems faced in rural banking are ?

Ans : Insufficient rural credit, Growing overdue, Inadequate amount of sanction.

25) What is the name of the vegetable and fruit market in Andhra Pradesh?

Ans : Rythu Bazars.

26) How much do the “inland sources” contribute to the total fish production in India?

Ans : 64 percent.

27) Which status has been accorded to the retail chains and supermarkets for selling organic food?

Ans : Green Status.

28) Name of the state which is held as a success story in the efficient implementation of milk cooperative ?

Ans: Gujarat.

29) Which one of the following is not a non institutional source of credit ?

Ans : land development Bank.

30) Why is the minimum support price fixed by the government ?

Ans : to safeguard the interest of farmers.

31) Blue revolution is associated with ?

Ans : Fisheries.

32) Which of the following falls under unorganised sector?

Ans : moneylenders and traders.

33) Which of the following accounts for the largest share in the livestock Sector of India?

Ans : Poultry.

34) **Mahatma Gandhi** Once said that the real progress of India did not mean simply the growth and expansion of industrial urban centres but mainly the development of the villages.

35) During 2007-12, agriculture output has grown at **3.2%**.

36) At the time of independence, moneylenders and traders **Exploited** small and marginal farmers and landless labourers.

37) The **Green revolution** was a harbinger of major changes in the credit system.

- 38) By March 2003, **7 Lakh** SHGs had been provided credit by the banking system.
- 39) More than 10 percent of goods produced in farms are wasted due to lack of **Storage** (storage/transportation facilities).
- 40) The alternate marketing channels in Punjab, Haryana, and Rajasthan are known of the agricultural employment activities are concentrated in the **Kharif** season.
- 41) Cattle and buffalo account for **26%** of India's total livestock in 2007.
- 42) **Conventional Farming** relies heavily on chemical fertilizers and toxic pesticides.
- 43) The scheme of microfinance is extended through **self help group**.
- 44) **NABARD** is the apex body which coordinate the functioning of different financial institutions working for the expansion of rural credit.
- 45) Operation flood** provided a system in which the farmers are assured a fair price and income from the supply of milk to urban markets.
- 46) Rural development mostly depends upon the development of agriculture.

Answer: True.

- 47) Farmers borrow from various sources to meet their initial investment on seeds, fertilizers, implements, and other family expenses.

Answer: True.

- 48) Institutional sources of credit moneylenders, traders, employers, relatives, and friends.

Answer: False.

- 49) The major achievement of rural banking over the years has been the effective recovery of loans.

Answer: False.

- 50) Self-help groups have helped in the empowerment of women.

Answer: True.

- 51) The current infrastructure facilities are sufficient to meet the growing demand in rural agricultural marketing.

Answer: False.

- 52) At present, the livestock sector provides alternate livelihood options to over 70 million small and marginal farmers and landless labourers.

Answer: True.

53) Horticulture is a branch of agriculture-related to the management and care of farm animals such as cattle, sheep, pigs, and goats.

Answer: False

54) Chemical-based fertilizers and pesticides used in agriculture are beneficial for the natural ecosystems.

Answer: False.

55) The use of eco-friendly technologies such as organic farming is essential for sustainable development.

Answer: True.