

Class 6<sup>th</sup>

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Based on NCERT pattern

## Preposition

Notice the meaning and uses of different types of Preposition

Preposition-Time

Preposition	Usage	Example
on	days of the week	on Monday
in	months/seasons time of day year after a certain period of time (when?)	in August / in winter in the morning in 2006 in an hour
at	for night at night for weekend a certain point of time (when?)	at the weekend at half past nine
since	from a certain point of time (past till now)	since 1980
for	over a certain period of time (past till now)	for two years
ago	a certain time in the past	two years ago
before	earlier than a certain point of time	before 2004
to	telling the time	ten to six (5.50)

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past	telling the time	ten past six (6.10)
to/till	marking the beginning and end	from Monday to/till Friday
until/till	of a period of time in the sense of how long something is going to last	He is on holiday until/till Friday
by	in the sense of the latest time or up to a certain time	I will be back by 6 o'clock I had read five pages by 11 o'clock

### Preposition - Place (Position and Direction)

Preposition	Usage	Example
in	room, building, street, town country, book, paper, car, taxi picture, world	in the kitchen, in London in the book in the car, in a taxi, in the picture, in the world
at	meaning next to, by an object for table for events place where you are to do something typical (watch a film, study, work)	at the door, at the station at the table at a concert, at the party at the cinema, at school at work
on	attached for a place with a river being on a surface for a certain side (left right) for a floor in a house for public transport for television, radio	the picture on the wall London lies on the Thames. on the table on the left on the first floor on a plane, on the bus on the radio, on TV
by, next to	left or right of somebody or something	Jane is standing by / next to beside the car.
under	on the ground, lower than (or covered by) something else	The bag is under the table.
below	lower than something else but above ground	The fish are below the surface.
over	covered by something else meaning more than getting to the other side (also across) overcoming an obstacle	put a jacket over your shirt over 16 years of age walk over the bridge climb over the wall

above	higher than something else, but not directly over it	a path above the lake
across	getting to the other side (also over) getting to the other side	walk across the bridge swim across the lake
through	something with limits on top, bottom and the sides	drive through the tunnel
to	movement to a building movement to place or country	go to the cinema go to London/ Ireland go to bed
into	enter a room/ a building	go into the kitchen/ the house
towards	movement in the direction of something (but not directly to it)	go 5 steps towards the house
onto	movement to the of something	jump onto the table
from	in the sense of where from	a flower from the garden

7. Fill in the blanks with most appropriate prepositions from the box. Some may be used more than once.

out of    up    along    through    into    on    near

- I saw the news \_\_\_\_\_ television.
- The dog jumped \_\_\_\_\_ a waiting car.
- He escaped by jumping \_\_\_\_\_ a window.
- Sachin put the pen drive \_\_\_\_\_ the USB port.
- I asked him the best way to get \_\_\_\_\_ the town.
- My teacher was standing \_\_\_\_\_ the principal's office.

8. Fill in the appropriate prepositions of time in the following sentences.

- Maria is playing tennis \_\_\_\_\_ Sunday.
- They will visit us \_\_\_\_\_ the weekend.
- It is dangerous to go out late \_\_\_\_\_ night.
- I have been waiting for you \_\_\_\_\_ morning.
- I should have finished this project \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.

### Adjectives and Prepositions

afraid of	fond of	proud of
angry at	happy about	similar to
aware of	interested in	sorry for
capable of	jealous of	sure of

### Verbs and Prepositions

belong to	look forward to	think about
bring up	look up	trust in
care for	make	work for
find out	pay for	worry about

E. Make sentences using the following prepositional phrases.

1. sorry for : \_\_\_\_\_
2. listen to : \_\_\_\_\_
3. act upon : \_\_\_\_\_
4. free from : \_\_\_\_\_
5. deal in : \_\_\_\_\_
6. guilty of : \_\_\_\_\_
7. laugh at : \_\_\_\_\_
8. accused of : \_\_\_\_\_
9. injurious to : \_\_\_\_\_
10. ashamed of : \_\_\_\_\_
11. mix up with : \_\_\_\_\_
12. charged with : \_\_\_\_\_



### Since and For

Since is used for statements, where the starting point is given.

For example: a. Since afternoon

b. Since forty years

For is used when the period of time is given.

For example: a. For thirty minutes

b. For three days

### C. Use 'for' or 'since' to complete the given statements.

1. You have been playing with your PSP \_\_\_\_\_ hours now.
2. She have been waiting at the bus stop \_\_\_\_\_ 20 minutes.
3. We have been dining out \_\_\_\_\_ all birthdays in the family.
4. I have been studying in this school \_\_\_\_\_ the last ten years.
5. My mother had been saving \_\_\_\_\_ this day \_\_\_\_\_ years.

### D. Use the correct preposition of direction to fill in the blanks given below.

1. As Seema was climbing \_\_\_\_\_ the swimming pool, she slipped and fell back \_\_\_\_\_ it.
2. When mother saw us playing on the roof she screamed, "You kids had better come \_\_\_\_\_ here, right now!"
3. Our customer service center will help you solve that problem. Just walk \_\_\_\_\_ the hall and take the elevator \_\_\_\_\_ the second floor.
4. Vijay had problems climbing \_\_\_\_\_ the tree house because he had injured his ankle as he was climbing.
5. Mummy went \_\_\_\_\_ the store, but I don't think she found what she was looking for because she came back almost immediately.

### Preposition with Nouns, Adjectives and Verbs

Prepositions are sometimes also used along with nouns, adjectives and verbs.

#### Nouns and Prepositions

approval of	fondness for	need for
awareness of	grasp of	participation in
belief in	hatred of	reason for
concern for	hope for	respect for

