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Class :-06(Maths)

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1. The side of an equilateral triangle is shown by l . Express the perimeter of the equilateral triangle using l .

Solutions:

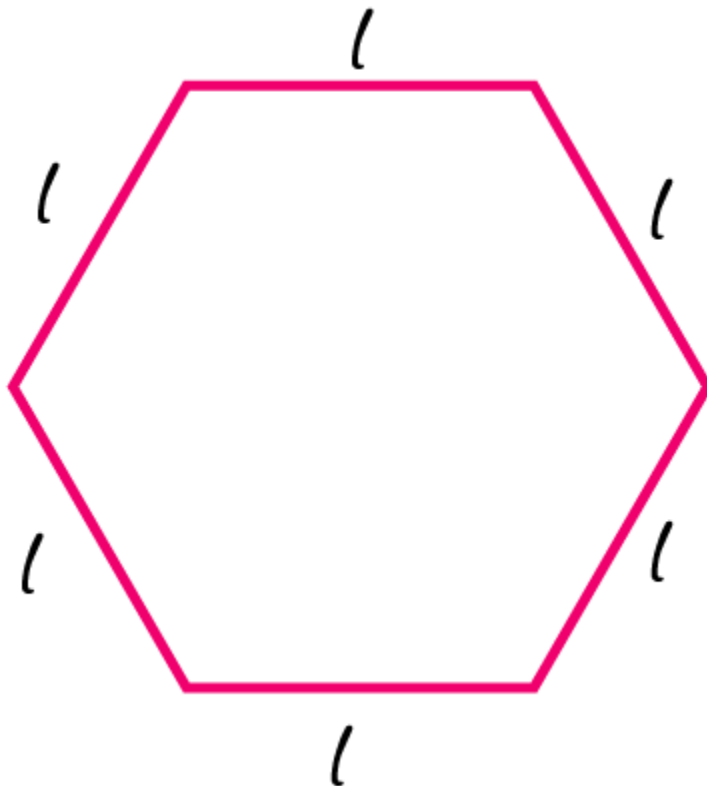
Side of equilateral triangle = l

Perimeter = $l + l + l$

= $3l$

2. The side of the regular hexagon (Fig 11.10) is denoted by l . Express the perimeter of the hexagon using l .

(Hint: A regular hexagon has all its six sides equal in length.)

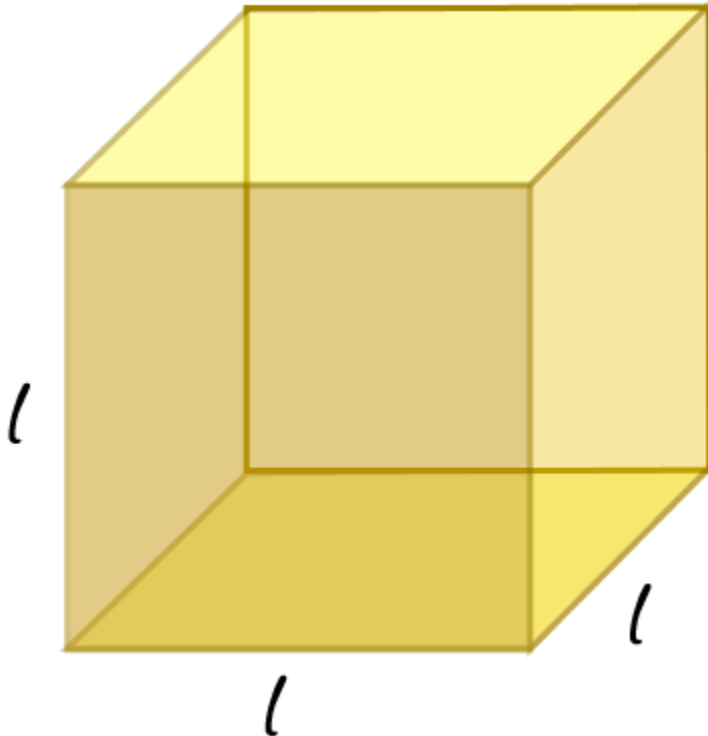


Solutions:

Side of a regular hexagon = l

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= l + l + l + l + l + l \\ &= 6l \end{aligned}$$

3. A cube is three dimensional figure as shown in Fig 11.11. It has six faces and all of them are identical squares. The length of an edge of the cube is given by l . Find the formula for the total length of the edges of a cube.



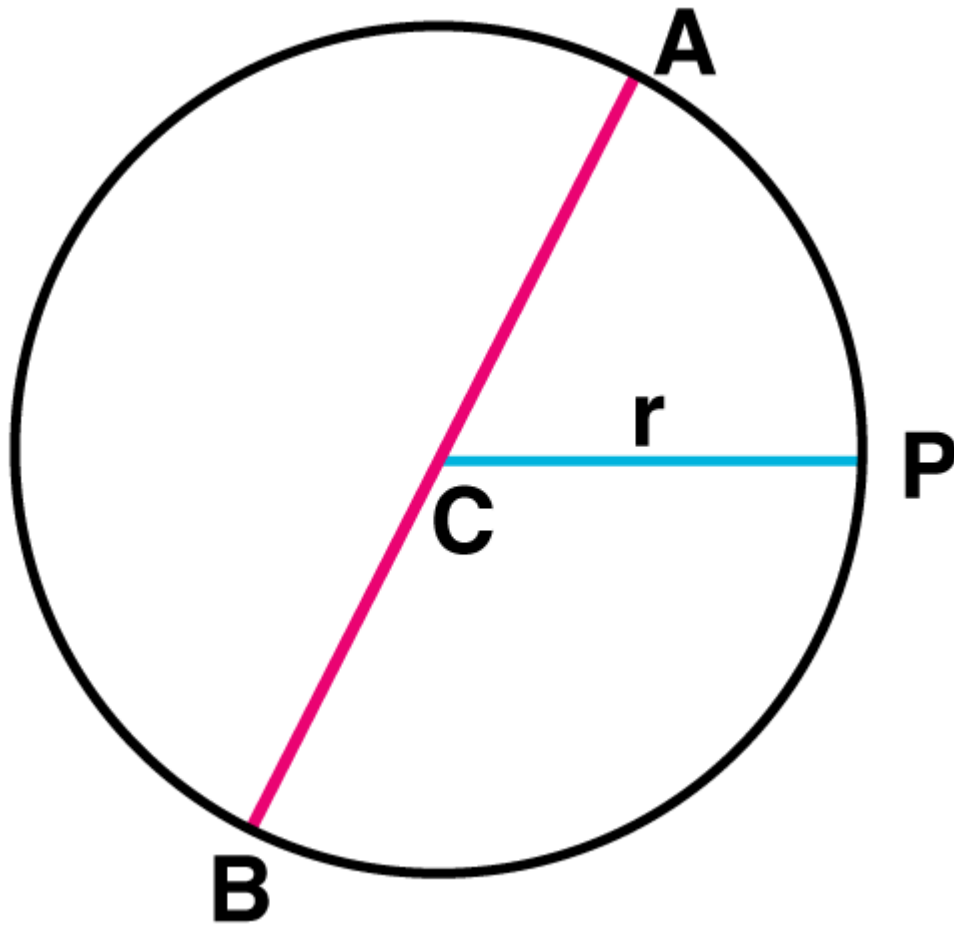
Solutions:

Length of an edge of the cube = l

Number of edges = 12

Total length of the edges = Number of edges \times length of an edge
 $= 12l$

4. The diameter of a circle is a line which joins two points on the circle and also passes through the centre of the circle. (In the adjoining figure (Fig 11.2) AB is a diameter of a circle; C is its centre.) Express the diameter of the circle (d) in terms of its radius (r).



Solutions:

Diameter = AB

= AC + CB

= r + r

= 2r

Hence, the diameter of the circle in terms of its radius is 2r