

BALIKA VIDYA PITH

Class:9 (Economics) Reeta Dubey Date: 30/05/2020

CH1 - The Story of Village Palampur

MCQs

Q11.(NCERT): Every village in India is surveyed once in ten years during the Census and some of the details are presented in the following format. Fill up the following based on information on Palampur.

Answer:

- LOCATION: near to Raiganj Village and Shapur town.
- TOTAL AREA OF THE VILLAGE: 226 hectares
- LAND USE (in hectares): 226 hectares

Cultivated Land		Land not available for cultivation (Area covering dwellings, roads, ponds, grazing ground)
Irrigated	Unirrigated	
200 Hectares	0 Hectares	26 Hectares

d. FACILITIES:

Educational	One High School and Two Primary Schools
Medical	One Government run Primary Health Center One Private Dispensary
Market	A small market
Electricity Supply	Most of the houses have electric connections.
Communication	Post, Television, Telephone and Transport facilities
Nearest Town	Shapur

Q12: What is the main production activity in villages across India?

Answer: Farming

Q13: Name any two non-farming activities in Palampur village.

Answer: Small-scale manufacturing, dairy, transport etc.

Q14: Modern farming methods require more inputs which are manufactured in industry. Do you agree?

Answer: No doubt, modern farming requires more inputs than traditional farming. These are:

- chemical fertilizers,
- pesticides,
- pump sets,
- farm machinery,
- electricity,
- diesel,
- HYV seeds,
- water supply

Most of these inputs like fertilizers, tools and implements are manufactured in industry. HYV seeds are developed in agriculture research laboratories.

Machine industry provide various kinds of implements, irrigation pumps and farming machinery to improve the productivity and minimize farming efforts. Chemical and soil engineering based industry provide fertilizers and pesticides to boost agriculture. Water supply is done by canals and tanks. Electricity is supplied by power houses.