VIDYA BHAVAN, BALIKA VIDYAPEETH

SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM, LAKHISARAI, PIN:-811311

SUBJECT:- CIVICS

CLASS:-XTH

DATE:15/09/XX

SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

CHAPTER 3. (POLITICAL PARTIES) (BASED ON NCERT PATTERN)

Functions of Political Party:

- Contesting Elections. Political parties contest elections.
- Policies. Political parties put forward different policies and programmes so that the voters can choose from them. The policies and programmes of the Ruling Party are expected to be followed by . the government.
- Making Law. Political parties play a decisive role in making laws for the country.
- Formation of Government. Political parties form and run governments. The executive body is formed by people from the ruling party.
- Playing Opposition. A party which does not get majority or come under the majority coalition, needs to play the role of opposition.
- Shaping Public Opinion. Political parties shape public opinion. They do so by raising and highlighting issues in the legislature and in the media.
- Providing Access to Government Machinery. Political parties provide people access to government machinery and welfare schemes implemented by governments.

Question 1. Why did India adopt multi-party system?

Answer: India adopted a multi-party system because of its social and geographical diversity. In such a diverse country, two or even three parties cannot absorb all the differences

Question 2. Why is one-party political system not considered a good option in democratic system?

Answer: One-party system is not considered a good option in democratic system because voters are not offered any choice at the time of voting.

Question 3. If all the decisions of a political party are made by a single family and all other members are neglected, than what challenge is being faced by that party? **Answer:** If all the decisions of a political party are made by a single family and all other members are neglected, then the party faces the challenge of dynastic succession